## **GCSE Physical Education Curriculum Overview**



## What are we trying to achieve? OCR GCSE PE

**Practical performance (30%)** 

Performance in three activities (one team sport, one individual sport and one other sport)

Coursework (10%)

**Analysis and improvement of performance** 

**Exam (60%)** 

Paper 1: Physical factors affecting performance

Paper 2: Socio-cultural issues and sport psychology

Understand the benefits of health, fitness and well-being

Develop theoretical knowledge and understanding of the factors that underpin physical activity and sport and use this knowledge to improve performance

Understand how the physiological and psychological state affects performance in physical activity and sport

Perform effectively in different physical activities by developing skills and techniques and selecting and using tactics, strategies and/ or compositional ideas

Develop an ability to analyse and evaluate to improve practical performance

Understand the contribution which physical activity and sport make to health, fitness and well-being

Understand key socio-cultural influences which can affect people's involvement in physical activity and sport.



## GCSE Physical Education Curriculum Intent

Intent		Wh			
By the end of KS4 students are able to		Year 10	Year 11	Choices	How does this curriculum incorporate the National Curriculum and go beyond? How does going beyond the NC ensure challenge?
Students are able to perform effectively, consistently and skilfully in at least three recognised practical activities which appear on the GCSE PE syllabus.  They are aware of the rules, strategies and tactics which relate to their chosen activities.  Students are able to warm up and cool down effectively.  They are able to analyse and evaluate performance effectively.  Students recognise revision strategies which are effective.  Students develop an awareness of how to	Autumn	Physical training  Specified components of fitness and their practical application  Suitable fitness tests for the specified components of fitness. Data analysis relative to fitness testing The concepts of validity, reliability and practicality.  The application of training principles to the specified training methods:  Practical performance  Students opt to take part in one of three practical sports – options are often guided, so that students develop practical performance in an activity which is likely to be one of the three activities in which they perform at their highest level.  Opportunity to improve practical performance is provided by our extracurricular sports programme.	Coursework Analysing and evaluating performance Sociocultural issues and sports psychology Physical activity and sport in the UK Participation in physical activity and sport Commercialisation in sport  Practical performance Students opt to take part in one of three practical sports – options are often guided, so that students develop practical performance in an activity which is likely to be one of the three activities in which they perform at their highest level. Opportunity to improve practical performance is provided by our extra- curricular sports programme.	The delivery order of the specification has been changed slightly to enable physical training to be taught at the start of year 10. It is felt that this particular unit is relatively easy to learn in a practical way – it has been found that this learning method is most appropriate for the general level of academic maturity of the students.  Delivery of the coursework component at the end of year 10 enables most to complete a substantial part of the work before the summer holiday. Students then review and complete their work at the start of year 11 – often when their level of motivation is high.  Practical participation includes the following activities on rotation as they are reflective of the activities in which most students achieve their highest grade: Badminton, table tennis, basketball, football, netball, trampolining, athletics, tennis.	In additional to the timetabled curriculum time we also offer regular extra-curricular opportunities to improve practical performance.  There are also opportunities to attend events which showcase elite performance e.g. the varsity rugby match, BBL basketball trophy final etc.  GCSE PE goes beyond simple motor competence, application of rules, tactics and strategies, and healthy lifestyles – it enables students to undertake academic study which is applicable to other areas of their KS4 education, and also future study in KS5.
awareness of how to structure written answers effectively for extended questions.  Students also develop the ability to apply knowledge to challenging academic questions.  They develop the ability to analyse simple data and draw conclusions from it.  Students are able to critically analyse and		The key components of a warm up and cool down.  The physical benefits of a warm up and cool down.  Applied anatomy and physiology The structure and function of the skeleton Components of synovial joints Movement at joints Location of major muscle groups The roles of muscles in movement	psychology Ethics in sport Drugs in sport Violence in sport  Sports psychology Characteristics of skillful movement Classification of skills Goal setting Mental preparation  Practical performance Students opt to take part in one of three practical sports – options are often guided, so that students develop practical	GCSE PE students are also generally highly motivated to achieve in these activities.	KSS.

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evaluate physical performance and apply their experience of practical activities in developing their knowledge and understanding of the subject.  Students will also develop the transferable skills that are in demand by further education, Higher Education and employers in all sectors of industry.		Movement analysis Planes of movement and axes of rotation  Practical performance Students opt to take part in one of three practical sports – options are often guided, so that students develop practical performance in an activity which is likely to be one of the three activities in which they perform at their highest level. Opportunity to improve practical performance is provided by our extracurricular sports programme.	performance in an activity which is likely to be one of the three activities in which they perform at their highest level. Opportunity to improve practical performance is provided by our extracurricular sports programme.	
Students can become independent thinkers and effective decision makers who can operate effectively as individuals or as part of a team – all skills that will enable them to stand out and effectively promote themselves as they progress through life.	Spring	Applied anatomy and physiology Structure and function of the cardiovascular system. Structure and function of the respiratory system.  Practical performance Students opt to take part in one of three practical sports – options are often guided, so that students develop practical performance in an activity which is likely to be one of the three activities in which they perform at their highest level. Opportunity to improve practical performance is provided by our extracurricular sports programme.	Sports psychology Types of guidance Types of feedback  Health, fitness and wellbeing Know what is meant by health, fitness and wellbeing Diet and nutrition  Practical performance Students opt to take part in one of three practical sports – options are often guided, so that students develop practical performance in an activity which is likely to be one of the three activities in which they perform at their highest level. Opportunity to improve practical performance is provided by our extracurricular sports programme.	
		Applied anatomy and physiology Aerobic and anaerobic exercise Short term effects of exercise Long term effects of exercise  Practical performance Students opt to take part in one of three practical sports – options are often guided, so that students develop practical performance in an activity which is likely to be one of the three activities in which they perform at their highest level. Opportunity to improve practical performance is provided by our extracurricular sports programme.	Revision Revision methods Content revision	

	Preventing injury in physical activity and training Risks applied to practical examples Hazards applied to practical examples Revision	Revision Revision methods Content revision	
Summe	Mock exam  Coursework Analysing and evaluating performance  Practical performance Students opt to take part in one of three		
	practical sports – options are often guided, so that students develop practical performance in an activity which is likely to be one of the three activities in which they perform at their highest level.  Opportunity to improve practical performance is provided by our extracurricular sports programme.	Exam	

	The delivery order of the specification has	Coursework is completed at the very start of			
	been changed slightly to enable physical	year 11, at a time when workload across the			
	training to be taught at the start of year 10.	college is at its lowest, and when students			
	It is felt that this particular unit is relatively	are generally highly motivated.			
	easy to learn in a practical way - it has been				
	found that this learning method is most	It is felt that consistently offering the			
	appropriate for the general level of academic	opportunity of practical performance until			
	maturity of the students. This avoids	February in year 11, enables students to			
	cognitive overload early in the course, which	experience the full range of activities which			
	has the potential to demotivate students.	might appear in their 'top 3 sports'			
	Academic challenge increases gradually				
	throughout the year, with the most	Academic challenge remains constant			
5.0.14	academically challenging work taking place	throughout the year -memory and recall are			
	just before the year 10 mock exams – this	encouraged throughout the year in theory			
	structure and work on revision strategies	lessons via starters and answering exam			
Rationale for this sequence	aids students with memory and recall.	questions.			
	Delivery of the coursework component at the	Revision starts during the spring term, as a			
	end of year 10 enables most to complete a	means of providing time to look at revision			
	substantial part of the work before the	techniques and to revise content. Constant			
	summer holiday. Students then review and	feedback enables students develop their			
	complete their work at the start of year 11 –	ability to answer extended exam questions.			
	often when their level of motivation is high.				
	It is felt that consistently offering the				
	opportunity of practical performance				
	throughout the course in year 10, enables				
	students to experience the full range of				
	activities which might appear in their 'top 3				
	sports'				
How does the	Key stage 3 core Physical Education enables students to develop motor competence and knowledge of rules, strategies and tactics in a				
KS4	broad range of activities. These might then be further developed in GCSE PE, to a level where they can contribute towards practical				
Curriculum build on previous	assessment grades.				
	Students will also have developed a basic understanding of the components of an effective warm up and cool down. This knowledge is				
learning at KS3?	then developed in year 10 as part of the work on physical training.				
	and the state of t				